







Type 702044



Type 702041



Type 702043



Type 702040

JUMO iTRON

Compact microprocessor controllers

B 70.2040 Operating Instructions

2008-11-11/00357918



Please read these Operating Instructions carefully before starting up the instrument. Keep these operating instructions in a place which is at all times accessible to all users. Please assist us to improve these operating instructions where necessary. Your suggestions will be most welcome.

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All necessary settings are described in these operating instructions. However, if any difficulties should still arise during start-up, you are asked not to carry out any unauthorized manipulations on the unit. You could endanger you rights under the instrument warranty! Please contact the nearest subsidiary or the main factory in such a case.



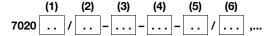
When returning chassis, assemblies or components, the regulations of EN 100 015 "Protection of electrostatically sensitive components" must be observed. Use only the appropriate **ESD** packaging for transport.

Please note that we cannot accept any liability for damage caused by ESD (electrostatic discharge).

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1 Identifying the instrument version



(1)	Basic type (bezel in mm)	40 = 48 x 24, 41 = 48 x 48, 42 = 48 x 96 (portrait), 43 = 96 x 48 (landscape), 44 = 96 x 96		
(2)	Basic type extension	88 = controller type configurable ¹ 99 = controller type configured to customer specification ²		
(3)	Inputs	888 = inputs configurable ¹ 999 = inputs configured to customer specification ²		
(4)	Outputs	000 = Standard	Type 702040/41	Type 702042/43/44
		Output 1	relay (n.o. make)	relay (n.o. make)
		Output 2	logic 0/5V, optionally configurable als logic input	logic 0/5V
		Output 3	(not available)	relay (n.o. make)
		Options	Type 702040/41	Type 702042/43/44
		113 = Output 2 (outputs 1+3 as for Standard)	logic 0/12V, optionally configurable als logic input	logic 0/12V
		101 = Output 2 (output 1 as for Standard)	relay (n.o. make) (logic input is always available)	not possible

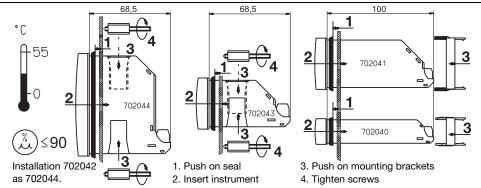
^{1.} single-setpoint controller with limit comparator, see factory settings under configuration and parameter level

^{2.} see customer's ordering text or settings under configuration and parameter level

(5)	Supply	22 =	16 = 10 - 18V DC 22 = 20 - 53V AC/DC, 48 - 63Hz 23 = 110 - 240V - 15/+10% AC 48 - 63Hz		
(6)	Extra code		210 = Timer function 220 = Timer function + limit switch ¹		
Delivery package				Type 702040/41	Type 702042/43/44
		_		1 mounting frame	2 mounting brackets
1 seal, 1 Operating instructions 70.2		tructions 70.2040			

^{1.} The linearizations for KTY11-6 and thermocouple B have been deleted.

2 Installation



Type (bezel)	Panel cut-out (WxH) in mm	Edge-to-edge-mounting (minimum spacings of panel cut-outs)	
		horizontal	vertical
702040 (48mm x 24mm)	45 ^{+0.6} x 22.2 ^{+0.3}	> 8mm	> 8mm
702041 (48mm x 48mm)	45 ^{+0.6} x 45 ^{+0.6}	> 8mm	> 8mm
	45 ^{+0.6} x 92 ^{+0.8}	> 10mm	> 10mm
702043 (96mm x 48mm)	92 ^{+0.8} x 45 ^{+0.6}	> 10mm	> 10mm
702044 (96mm x 96mm)	92 ^{+0.8} x 92 ^{+0.8}	> 10mm	> 10mm

3 Electrical connection

Installation notes

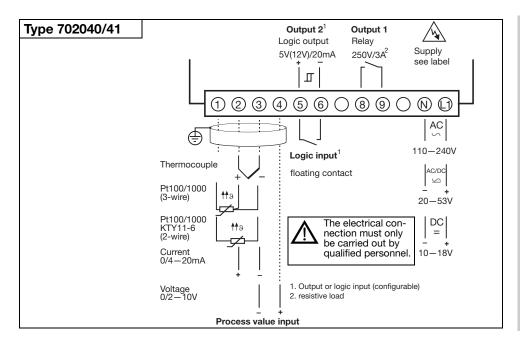
- The choice of cable, the installation, the fusing and the electrical connection must conform to the requirements of VDE 0100 "Regulations on the Installation of Power Circuits with nominal voltages below 1000V", or the appropriate local regulations.
- The electrical connection must only be carried out by qualified personnel.
- If contact with live parts is possible when working on the instrument, it must be isolated on both poles from the supply.
- A current limiting resistor interrupts the supply circuit in the event of a short-circuit. The load circuit must be fused for the maximum relay current in order to prevent welding of the output relay contacts in the event of an external short-circuit.
- Electromagnetic compatibility conforms to the standards and regulations listed under Technical Data.
- Run input, output and supply lines separately and not parallel to each other.
- Do not connect any additional loads to the supply terminals of the instrument.
- The instrument is not suitable for installation in hazardous areas.
- Apart from faulty installation, there is a possibility of interference or damage to controlled processes due to incorrect settings on the controller (setpoint, data of parameter and

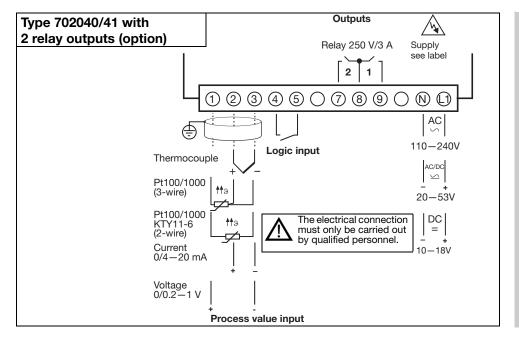
configuration levels, internal adjustments).

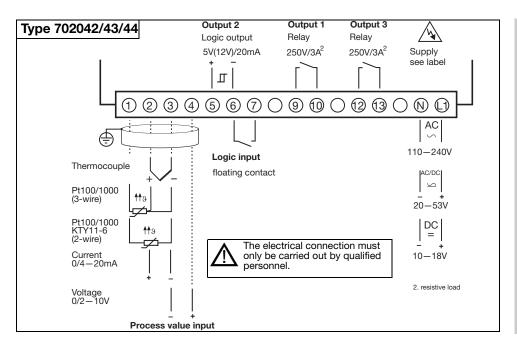
Safety devices independent of the controller, such as overpressure valves or temperature limiters/monitors, should always be provided and should be capable of adjustment only by specialist personnel.

Please refer to the appropriate safety regulations in this connection. Since auto-tuning (self-optimization) cannot be expected to handle all possible control loops, there is a theoretical possibility of unstable parameter settings. The resulting process value should therefore be monitored for its stability.

 All input and output lines that are not connected to the supply network must be laid out as shielded and twisted cables (do not run them in the vicinity of power cables or components).
 The shielding must be grounded to the earth potential on the instrument side.







4 Operation

4.1 Displays and keys



Example: Type 702041

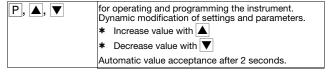
(1) Display

7-segment display	4 places, green Display alternates when setpoints, parameters and codes are entered and indicated.	SP 260
Character height	Type 702040/41/42: 10mm Type 702043/44: 20mm	
Display range	-1999 to +9999 digit	
Decimal places	none, one, two	
Unit	°C/°F (process value display)	

(2) Status indicators

LED	two LEDs for the outputs 1 and 2, yellow
-----	--

(3) Keys



4.2 Principle of operation

Normal display

The display shows the process value.

Operating level

The setpoint 5P is input here. On active setpoint switching via the logic input, 5P - 1 or 5P - 2 appears in the display. When the ramp function is active, the ramp setpoint 5Pr - 1 is displayed. With activated timer function, the timer value Er - 1 or the timer start value Er - 1 is shown.

The setpoint is altered dynamically using the \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown keys. The setting will be accepted automatically after approx. 2 sec.

Parameter level

The setpoints, the limit value of the limit comparator, the controller parameters and the ramp slope are programmed here.

Configuration level

The basic functions of the controller are set here.

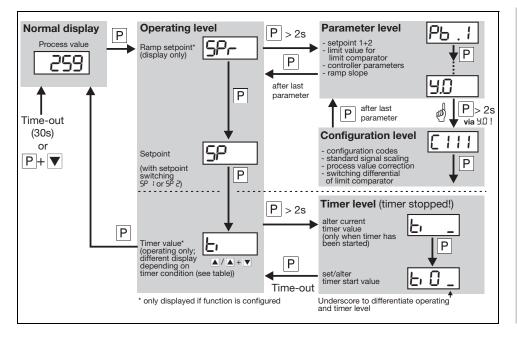
In order to make the settings, it is necessary to change to the configuration level via the parameter $\exists \ \varOmega$ (parameter level).

Timer level

The current timer value (only when the timer has been started) and the timer start value are altered here. The parameters at this level are marked with an underscore in the display.

Time-out

If no operation occurs, the controller returns automatically to normal display after approx. 30 sec (exception: with timer functions starting via power ON, the timer value is displayed). If the timer value is displayed at the operating level, time-out is not active.



4.3 Operation of the timer function

The timer can be operated with the keys (start, stop, cancel, acknowledge) if the timer at operating level is indicated. Time-out is not active here. If the logic input is configured accordingly, then a key, such as the key, can be used. In this case, the timer can also be operated even if the timer value does not appear in the display.

Possible displayed parameters for timer function at operating level

Display	State/Action	Display	State/Action
F: 0	Timer not running * Start with	L. 11.58	Timer has stopped * Continue with ▲ * Cancel with ▲ + ▼
15*00 F: 0	Timer has been started but the tolerance limit has not yet been reached * Cancel with A + V	End	Timer has run down * Acknowledge with any key (timer start value 🕒 🗓 is indicated)
[: (1x)	Timer running; E→ is displayed * Stop with * Cancel with + ▼		With time-delayed control (C120=3), acknowledge with ▲ + ▼
When the timer has been started, the decimal point in the display for the timer value will blink! *			

5 Functions

We recommend the following procedure:

- * Familiarize yourself with the controller functions
- * Enter the configuration codes and the parameter values in the tables provided for this purpose in Chapter 6. Write down the appropriate values (②), or mark selection with a cross (X②). The parameters and the configuration codes are listed in the order of their appearance. Parameters which are not relevant are masked out (see table below).
- * Enter the configuration code and parameters on the instrument

Configuration	Masking out the parameters for	Parameter
Single-setpoint controller	Double-setpoint controller	Pb .2, C9 2, db, H95.2
Double-setpoint controller	Limit comp. for Type 702040/41 Logic input for Type 702040/41 ¹	C 1 14, H95E, AL C 1 17
Limit comparator no function	Limit comparator	HYSE, RL
Limit comparator activated	Logic input for Type 702040/411	[11]
Resistance thermometer, thermocouple	Standard signal scaling	SCL, SCH
Ramp function off	Ramp function	rASd, SPr
Setpoint switching not activated	Setpoints at the parameter level	SP 1, SP 2
Timer function: no function	Timer function	Fr., C IS 1, C ISS, C ISS
Type 702040/41	Output 3	C 1 18

not for Type 702040/41 with 2 relay outputs (option)

5.1 Process value input

Symbol	Notes		
	Transducer/probe (process value input) ⇒ page 31		
0115	Unit of process value (°C/°F)/decimal places of display ⇒ page 31		
SCL	Start/end value of value range for standard signals ⇒ page 35 Example: 0-20 mA-20-200°C: SLL = 20 / SLH = 200		
SCH			
Process value correction ⇒ page 35 Using the process value correction, a measured value can be corrected by a proamount upwards or downwards (offset). Lead compensation can be implemented in software for 2-wire circuit through p correction. Examples:			
	Measured value Offset Displayed value 294.7 + 0.3 295.0 295.3 - 0.3 295.0		
dF	Filter time constant (damping) to adapt the digital input filter (0 sec = filter off) ⇒ page 36 if dF high: - high damping of interference signals - slow reaction of the process value display to changes in the process value - low cut-off frequency (2nd order low-pass filter)		

5.2 Logic input

	[]	
Key inhibit	Operation is possible from keys.	No operation from keys.
Level inhibit	Access to the parameter and configuration levels is possible. Starting self-optimization is possible.	No access to the parameter and configuration levels. Starting self-optimization is not possible.
Ramp stop	Ramp running	Ramp stopped
Setpoint switching	Setpoint 5P 1 is active The appropriate symbols 5P 1 and 5P 2 are displayed at the operating level.	
Timer control	Acknowledge start/stop/continue/timer run-down (edge-triggered)	

Symbol	Notes
[11]	Function of the logic input ⇒ page 33 On Type 702040/41, the parameter C117 is masked out if output 2 has been programmed as controller output (C113) or the limit comparator has been configured (C114) (double assignment; not on Type 702040/41 with 2 relay outputs (option)).

5.3 Controller

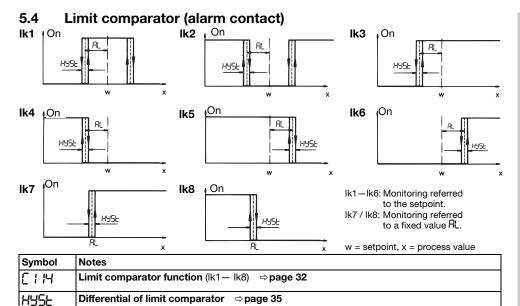
Controller structure

The controller structure is defined via the parameters Pb, db and rb.

Example: Setting for PI controller - Pb . !=120, db=0sec, rb=350sec

Symbol	Notes	
C 1 13	Controller type and assignment of the controller outputs to the physical outputs 1+2 ⇒ page 32	
Outputs in fault condition ⇒ page 33 The switching states of the outputs are defined here in the event of over/underrand break/short circuit or display overflow. ⇒ Chapter 7		
C 1 18	Assignment of the outputs ⇒ page 33 Only for Type 702042/43/44; overwrites the assignment of £ ⅓ (controller type as £ ⅙ ⅓)	
Pb . i	Proportional band 1 (controller output 1) → page 36 Proportional band 2 (controller output 2)	
Pb .2	Influences the P action of the controller. If Pb=0, the controller structure is not effective.	
dE	Derivative time ⇒ page 36 Influences the D action of the controller. If dE=0, the controller has no D action.	
ᆫ	Reset time ⇒ page 36 Influences the I action of the controller. If rt=0, the controller has no I action.	
(A 1	Cycle time 1 (controller output 1) ⇒ page 36 Cycle time 2 (controller output 2) The cycle time has to be selected so that the energy supply to the process is virtually continuous, while not subjecting the switching elements to excessive wear.	
CA S		

Symbol	Notes
db	Contact spacing ⇒ page 36 for double-setpoint controller
HY5. 1	Differential 1 (controller output 1) ⇒ page 36 Differential 2 (controller output 2) for controllers with Pb. !=0 or Pb.2=0
H95.2	for controllers with Pb. I=0 or Pb.2=0
y .0	Working point (basic load) ⇒ page 36 Output if process value=setpoint
y .	Output limiting ⇒ page 36 ∃! - maximum output
9.2	Y .2 - minimum output For controllers without controller structure (Pb. !=0 or Pb.2=0), it is necessary that Y . !=100% and Y .2=-100%.

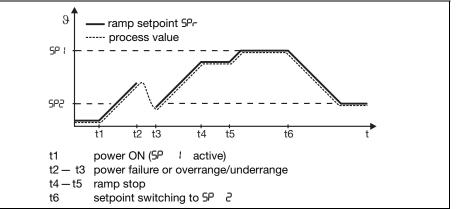


⇒ page 36

AL

Limit value of limit comparator

5.5 Ramp function



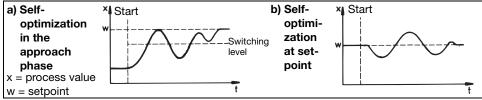
Symbol	Note
C 1 15	Ramp function (on/off, time unit) ⇒ page 32
	Ramp stop via logic input (floating contact) ⇒ page 33
rASd	Ramp slope in °C/h or °C/min ⇒ page 36

5.6 Self-optimization

Self-optimization determines the optimum controller parameters for PID or PI controllers.

The following controller parameters are defined: -t, dt, Pb . 1, Pb .2, CY 1, CY 2, dF

The controller selects procedure **a** or **b**, depending on the size of the control deviation:

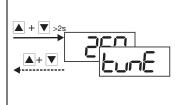


Starting self-optimization



Starting self-optimization is not possible with active level inhibit and ramp function.

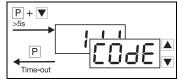
Self-optimization is automatically terminated, or can be cancelled.



5.7 Level inhibit via code

As an alternative to the logic input, the level inhibit can be set via a code (logic input has priority).

Set the code using P + ▼ (at least 5 sec) in normal display



Level inhibit via the logic input will lock the parameter and configuration levels (corresponds to code 011).

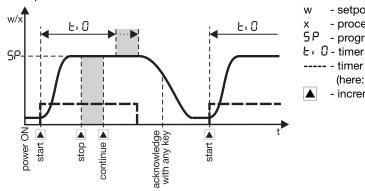
Code	Operating level	Parameter level	Configuration level	Timer level
000	enabled	enabled	enabled	enabled
001	enabled	enabled	inhibited	enabled
011	enabled	inhibited	inhibited	enabled
111	inhibited1	inhibited	inhibited	inhibited ²

- 1. The values at the operating level can only be indicated but not modified.
- 2. Timer operation (start/stop/continue/cancel) will continue to be possible.

5.8 Timer function (extra code)

Using the timer function, the control action can be influenced by means of the adjustable time E. G. After the timer has been started by power ON, by pressing the key, or via the logic input, the timer start value $E \in \Omega$ is counted down to 0, either instantly or after the process value has gone above or below a programmable tolerance limit. When the timer has run down, several events are triggered, such as control switch-off (output 0%) and setpoint switching. Furthermore, it is possible to implement timer signalling via an output.

Example:



- setpoint

- process value

- programmed setpoint

0 - timer start value

timer signalling (here: C122=1)

- increment key

Notes on the timer function in conjunction with the ramp function

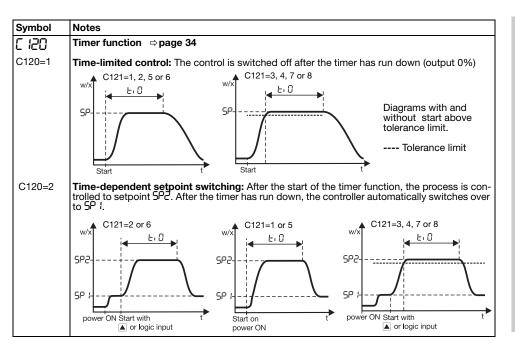
- Generally, the setpoints can also be approached using the ramp function.
- Stopping the timer does not influence the ramp function.
- If control is active after the timer has run down, the current setpoint is approached with the ramp. Cancellation of the timer is followed by a setpoint step without ramp.
- For timer functions with a tolerance limit, only the setpoint (=ramp end value) is monitored.

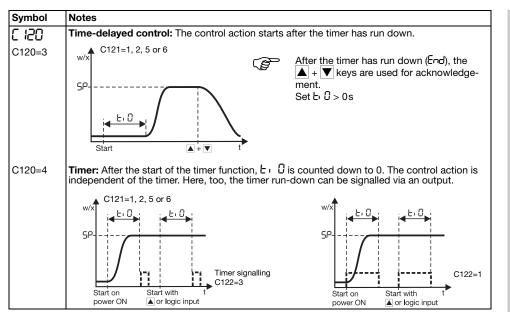
Note on setpoint switching via the logic input

 Setpoint switching via the logic input is generally possible. An exception here is the timer function "Time-dependent setpoint switching". In this case, configured setpoint switching via the logic input will not be active.

Note on the display status in the event of a power failure

 The state of the display before the power failure will be restored, except for events that are related to the timer (start, cancel, continue, stop). Then the timer value will be shown in the display.





Symbol	Notes
C 15 I	Start condition of the timer \Rightarrow page 34 The timer start value $\vdash \vdash U$ is counted down as selected in the following events:
	1. Power ON or logic input/keys
	2. Start via keys/logic input
	3. Process value has reached tolerance limit (1 °C or 5 °C) (start via keys/logic input)
	The position of the tolerance limit depends on the controller type: - 1-setpoint controller (direct): tolerance limit above setpoint - 1-setpoint controller (reversed): tolerance limit below setpoint - 2-setpoint controller: tolerance limit below setpoint
	If, during the control process, the process value goes above/below the tolerance limit, the timer will be stopped for the duration of the infringement.
	Response to a power failure ⇒page 34
	After a power failure, the condition before the power failure can be restored, or the timer function can be cancelled. If the timer had run down before the power failure, the timer start value will be loaded. The timer will start automatically when C121=1 or 5.
	The timer value is saved at one minute intervals, to cover the case of a power failure.
C 155	Timer signalling ⇒ page 35 From the start of the timer function until timer run-down, or after the run-down, a signal can be produced via an output.
C 123	Time unit for the timer ⇒ page 35

Programming example

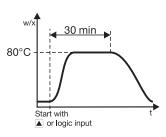
After the start via the logic input or from the keys, the process has to be controlled for 30 minutes to a setpoint of 80°C. The control action is to be cancelled in the event of a power failure.

Configuration:

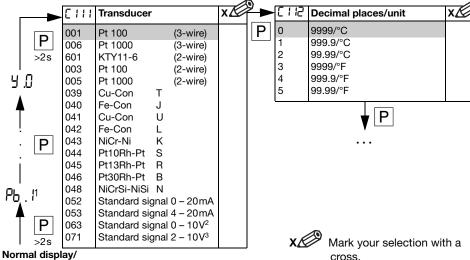
- C111 C116: Controller programming
- C117=5: Logic input = timer control
- C120=1: Timer function = time-limited control
- C121=6: Start condition for timer = via logic input/keys cancellation on power failure
- C122=0: Timer signalling = no function
- C123=1: Time unit (timer) = mm.ss

Operation:

- * Enter the setpoint 5P (80°C)
- * Press the P key until Ł₁□ is indicated
- * Change over to the timer level using P (at least 2 sec)
- **★** Enter the timer start value E₁ □ (30.00)
- * Return to the operating level (timer value) with P
- * Start the control action via the logic input or with



6 Configuration and parameter tables

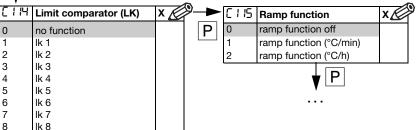


Operating level

- 1. 5P I, RL or Pb . I is shown here, depending on the configuration
- 2. 0 1V for Type 702040/41 with 2 relay outputs (option)
- 3. 0.2 1V for Type 702040/41 with 2 relay outputs (option)

C I I3	Controller type	Output 1 (relay)	Output 2+3 (logic+relay)	x &
10	single setpoint (reversed)	controller	LK/timer signalling ¹	
11 30	single setpoint (direct) double setpoint	controller controller output 1	LK/timer signalling ¹ controller output 2	
20	single setpoint (reversed)	LK/timer signalling ¹	controller	
21	single setpoint (direct)	LK/timer signalling ¹	controller	
33	double setpoint	controller output 2	controller output 1	

1. A programmed limit comparator (LK) has priority over the timer signalling. Further settings for the outputs with Type 702042/43/44, see C118.



reversed = heating (output is active when process value is below setpoint) = controller output 1 direct = cooling (output is active when process value is above setpoint) = controller output 2

			_/	0			
C 1 16	Outputs	on fault	x 🐼	~	[] []	Logic input	x 🐼
0	0%¹	LK/timer		Р	0	no function	
1	100 % ²	signalling OFF		ات ا	1	key inhibit	
2	-100% ¹				2	level inhibit	
3	0% ¹	LK/timer			3	ramp stop	
4	100 % ²	signalling ON			4	setpoint switching	
1 Mii	nimum out	put limiting ५२ is eff	octivo		5	timer control	
		tout limiting 5.2 is eli					

	2. Maximum output limiting 9.1 is effective ▼ P							
◀	C 1 18		Output 1: Relay (K1)	Output 2: Logic (K2)	Output 3: Relay	x.		
Р	0		Functions of outputs as	defined under [13				
1	1 2 3 4 5 6	for 1-setpt. contrl.	controller output controller output limit comparator limit comparator timer signalling timer signalling	limit comparator timer signalling controller output timer signalling controller output limit comparator	timer signalling limit comparator timer signalling controller output limit comparator controller output			
	7 8 9 10 11 12	for 2-setpt. contrl.	controller output 1 controller output 1 controller output 2 controller output 2 limit comparator/timer limit comparator/timer	controller output 2 limit comparator/timer controller output 1 limit comparator/timer controller output 1 controller output 2	limit comparator/timer controller output 2 limit comparator/timer controller output 1 controller output 2 controller output 1			

C 150	Timer function		x 🖉				
0	no function						
1	time-limited control						
2	time-dependent setpoint switching						
3	time-delayed control						
4	timer (control independent of timer)						
	P		1				
C 15 1	Start condition for timer	Action on power failure	x 🖉				
1	after power ON, logic input/keys	Condition as before the					
2	via logic input/keys	power failure					
3	via logic input/keys; timer counts 1°C from tolerance limit						
4	via logic input/keys; timer counts 5°C from tolerance limit						
5	after power ON, logic input/keys	Cancellation of					
6	via logic input/keys	timer function					
7	via logic input/keys; timer counts 1°C from tolerance limit	(5±0P appears in the display)					
8	via logic input/keys; timer counts 5°C from tolerance limit						

The start conditions with tolerance limit (C121=3, 4, 7, 8) are not valid for C120=3 or 4. If C120 is altered, the validity of C121 must be checked.

C 122	Time	r signalling	Х	K	2	-	- ∏	C 123	Unit o	of time (time	er)	x
	no function timer start until run-down after run-down for 10 sec after run-down for 1 min. after run-down until acknowledgement butput has to be configured spondingly(C113/C118).					Р	(1 2 3 s = sec h = hor		m (max. 99.	59) 9)	4
Para	meter	Explanation			Val	ue ra	ng	je		factory-set	Your setting	
SCL		start value of the standard signal			-19	99 to	+9	9999di	igit ¹	0	Ĭ	
SCH		end value of the standard signal			-19	99 to	+9	9999di	igit ¹	100		
SPL		lower setpoint limiting			-19	99 to	+6	9999di	igit ¹	-200		
SPH	setpoint limiting			-1999 to +9999digit ¹		igit ¹	850					
OFF9	5	process value corre	ctio	on	-19	99 to	99	999 dig	it ¹	0		
HYSE		switching differentia the limit comparato		f	0 –	999	9 c	ligit ¹		1		

 For displays with one or two decimal places, the value range and the factory setting change accordingly.

Example: 1 decimal place -value range: -199.9 to +999.9

Explanation	Value range	factory-	Your setting
setpoint 1	SPL - SPH	0	Jetting
setpoint 2	SPL — SPH	0	
limit value of limit comparator	-1999 to +9999digit ¹	0	
proportional band 1	0 — 9999digit ¹	0	
proportional band 2	0 — 9999 digit ¹	0	
derivative time	0 — 9999 sec	80sec	
reset time	0 — 9999 sec	350sec	
cycle time 1	1.0 — 999.9 sec	20.0sec	
cycle time 2	1.0 — 999.9 sec	20.0sec	
contact spacing	0 — 1000 digit ¹	0	
differential 1	0 — 9999 digit ¹	1	
differential 2	0 — 9999 digit ¹	1	
working point	-100 to 100%	0%	
maximum output	0 - 100%	100%	
minimum output	-100 to +100%	-100%	
filter time constant	0.0 - 100.0sec	0.6sec	
ramp slope	0 - 999 °C/h (°C/min)1	0	
	setpoint 1 setpoint 2 limit value of limit comparator proportional band 1 proportional band 2 derivative time reset time cycle time 1 cycle time 2 contact spacing differential 1 differential 2 working point maximum output minimum output filter time constant ramp slope	setpoint 1	set setpoint 1 SPL - SPH 0 setpoint 2 SPL - SPH 0 limit value of limit comparator -1999 to +9999digit¹ 0 proportional band 1 0 - 9999digit¹ 0 proportional band 2 0 - 9999digit¹ 0 derivative time 0 - 9999sec 80sec reset time 0 - 9999sec 20.0sec cycle time 1 1.0 - 999.9sec 20.0sec cycle time 2 1.0 - 999.9sec 20.0sec contact spacing 0 - 1000digit¹ 0 differential 1 0 - 9999digit¹ 1 differential 2 0 - 9999digit¹ 1 working point -100 to 100 % 0% maximum output 0 - 100 % 100 % minimum output -100 to +100 % -100 % filter time constant 0.0 - 100.0sec 0.6sec ramp slope 0 - 999 °C/h (°C/min)¹ 0

For displays with one or two decimal places, the value range and the factory setting change accordingly.

7 Alarm messages

Display	Description	Cause/response
	The displays for the process value or timer value flashes "1999". Display current timer value by repeatedly pressing the P key.	Over/underrange of process value. Controller and limit comparators referred to the process value input behave in accordance with the configuration of the outputs. The timer is stopped.
	The display for the timer value alternates between showing "StOP" and the time. * Acknowledge by using any key, (the timer start value	The timer function has been cancelled due to a supply failure. The timer value that was present at the time of the supply failure will be indicated.



The following events come under the heading over/underrange:

- Probe break/short-circuit
- Measurement is outside the control range of the probe that is connected
- Display overflow

Measurement circuit monitoring (• = recognized)

Transduce	er	Overrange/ underrange	Probe/ lead short-circuit	Probe/lead break		
Thermoco	uple	•/•	-	•		
Resistance	e thermometer	•/•	•	•		
Voltage	2 – 10V and 0.2 – 1V 0 – 10V and 0 – 1V	•/• •/-	•	•		
Current	4 – 20mA 0 – 20mA	•/• •/-	•	-		

8 Technical data

Input for thermocouple

			Range ¹
NiCr-Ni NiCrSi-NiSi Pt10Rh-Pt	L J U T K N S S	EN 60584 EN 60584 EN 60584 EN 60584 EN 60584	-200 to + 900°C -200 to +1200°C -200 to + 600°C -200 to + 400°C -200 to +1372°C -200 to +1300°C 0 - 1768°C
Pt13Rh-Pt Pt30Rh-Pt6Rh	R B	EN 60584 EN 60584	0 — 1768°C 0 — 1820°C

Measurement accuracy: \$0.4% / 100ppm/°C Cold junction: Pt100 internal

1. These ranges refer to the ambiente temperature of 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Input for standard signals

· ·		
Designation	Range	
Voltage	$\begin{array}{l} 0-10\text{V}, \ R_{\text{E}} > 100 k \Omega^{2} \\ 2-10\text{V}, \ R_{\text{E}} > 100 k \Omega^{2} \\ R_{\text{E}} \text{- input resistance} \end{array}$	
Current	4 — 20mA, voltage drop ≤1,5V 0 — 20mA, voltage drop ≤1,5V	
Measurement accuracy: ⊈.1% / 100ppm/°C		

- 2. 0-1V, $R_E > 10M\Omega$ for Type 702040/41 with 2 relays
- 3. 0.2-1V, $R_{\rm E} > 10M\Omega$ for Type 702040/41 with 2 relays

Input for resistance thermometer

Designation		Range	
Pt100 EN 60751		-200 to +850°C	
Pt1000 EN 6075	-200 to +850°C		
KTY11-6		-50 to +150°C	
Measurement accuracy: Pt100/1000:			
resistance:	20Ω max	c. per lead	

250 uA

Outputs

Meas. current:

Relay:

n.o.(make) contact; 3A at 250V AC resistive load; 150,000 operations at rated load

Logic 0/5V:

Current limiting: 20 mA; R_{load} ≥250Ω

Logic 0/12V:

Current limiting: 20 mA; R_{load} ≥600 Ω

Supply

110 - 240 V AC - 15 / + 10 % 48 - 63 Hz, or

20 - 53V AC/DC 48 - 63Hz, or

10 - 18V DC (Connect to SELV or PELV)

Controller

Controller			
Controller type	1-setpt. controller with limit comparator, 2-setpt. controller		
Controller structure	P/PD/PI/PID		
A/D converter	resolution >15 bit		
Sampling time	210msec (250msec with timer function)		

Accuracy of timer: 0.7 % / 10 ppm/°C

Test voltages (type test)

to EN 61 010, Part 1, March 1994, overvoltage category II, pollution degree 2, for Type 702040/41 overvoltage category III, pollution degree 2, for Type 702042/43/44

Power consumption: 7VA max.

Electrical connection

at the rear via plug-in screw terminals, conductor cross-section ≤2.5 mm² (1.3 mm² with Type 702040/41) solid wire or 1.5 mm² (1.0 mm² for Type 702040/41) stranded wire with ferrules

Electromagnetic compatibility: EN 61 326

Immunity to interfer.: Class B, Interfer. emission: industrial requirements

Approval: UL and CSA (only devices with JUMO indication)

Data backup: EEPROM

Housing type

plastic housing for panel mounting to DIN 43700

Cleaning the front panel

use warm or hot water (add mildly acidic, neutral or mildly alkaline detergents, if necessary). Do not use any abrasive cleaning agents or high-pressure cleaners. Limited resistance to organic solvents (e. g. spirits, benzol, etc.).

Housing mounting

in panel to DIN 43 834

Ambient and storage temperature

0 to 55 °C / -40 to +70 °C

Climatic conditions

≤75% rel. humidity, no condensation

Operating position: any

Weight (approx.)

75g (702040) 160g (702043) 95g (702041) 200g (702044)

145g (702042)

Protection

IP66 (front) to EN 60529

IP20 (rear)

Safety regulation: to EN 61010



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